

Date : 22ND SEPT, 2015

To : THE Honorable, Joe Biden
OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON, DC, U.S.A.

From : AMB. LEE E. WANTA

Message : THE ORGANIC ACT OF 1871,
FEB 21, 1871 - Lawless Acts,
Statutes, Resolutions =>
CONTRARY TO U.S. CONSTITUTION

cc/ Thank you for your VALUED
& KIND CONSIDERATION ~



Lee Wanta <ameritrustusa@gmail.com>

Fwd: ISA_ " REPEAL THE ORGANIC ACT OF 1871 "

1 message

CONFIRMING

Lee Wanta <ameritrustusa@gmail.com>

To: "Vice.president@whitehouse.gov" <vice.president@whitehouse.gov>

Wed, Sep 23, 2015 at 12:09 PM

DEAR FELLOW AMERICANS :-**UPDATED - 22 SEP 15, 1208 hrs**

COLLECTIVELY, WE MUST REPEAL THE " ORGANIC ACT OF 1871 " - dated Feb 21, 1871 as to : - WHEN WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA [D.C.], BY THEIR UN-CONSTITUTIONAL ACTIONS and PROCLAMATIONS - THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA [U.S.A.] BECAME A PRIVATE CORPORATION, ALLOWING THE USA TO BECOME LAWLESSLY BANKRUPT, FOREVER AND A DAY..

ATTACHED IS A TRUE COPY OF THE WISCONSIN GOVERNOR'S OFFICE CORPORATE DOCUMENTATION CONFIRMING THEIR PRIVATELY HELD COMPANY SITUATED IN WASHINGTON, D.C. (20001), AND THE CORPORATE STATE OF WISCONSIN'S CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER IS PRESENTLY, GOVERNOR SCOTT WALKER, A REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES PRESIDENT [POTUS]. OUR FELLOW AMERICANS MUST IMMEDIATELY RETURN TO OUR CONSTITUTIONAL REPUBLIC / SOVEREIGN NATION FORTHWITH.

www.constitution.org/uslaw/sal/016_statutes_at_large.pdf

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be withheld by the government of the United States from the sum hereby withheld.
appropriated.

APPROVED, February 21, 1871.

CHAP. LXII. — *An Act to provide a Government for the District of Columbia.*

Feb. 21, 1871.

Vol. xvii. p. 16.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that part of the territory of the United States included within the limits of the District of Columbia be, and the same is hereby, created into a government by the name of the District of Columbia, by which name it is hereby constituted a body corporate for municipal purposes, and may contract and be contracted with, sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, have a seal, and exercise all other powers of a municipal corporation not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States and the provisions of this act.

District of Columbia constituted a body corporate for municipal purposes.

Powers, &c.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the executive power and authority in and over said District of Columbia shall be vested in a governor, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. The governor shall be a citizen of and shall have resided within said District twelve months before his appointment, and have the qualifications of an elector. He may grant pardons and respites for offenses against the laws of said District enacted by the legislative assembly thereof; he shall commission all officers who shall be elected or appointed to office under the laws of the said District enacted as aforesaid, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Governor, appointment, and term of office;

qualifications;

powers and duties.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That every bill which shall have passed the council and house of delegates shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor of the District of Columbia; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at

Veto power.

Veto power of governor.

large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of all the members appointed or elected to the house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of all the members appointed or elected to that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the per-

NEW YORK AND WISCONSIN GOVERNORS' OFFICES IN WASHINGTON, D.C.

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Wisconsin Governor's Office

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Washington, DC 20001 - [View Map](#)

Phone: (202) 624-5870

Wisconsin Governor's Office

A privately held company in Washington, DC.

More Details for Wisconsin Governor's Office

Categorized under State Government-Executive Offices. Current estimates show this company has an annual revenue of unknown and employs a staff of approximately 1 to 4.

Company Contacts

[Scott Walker, Chief Executive Officer](#)

Chief Executive Officer

[Search for more contacts](#)

Business Information

Location Type Headquarters

Annual Revenue
Estimate Unknown

Employees 1 to 4

SIC Code 9111, Executive Offices

NAICS Code 92111004, Executive Offices

Business
Categories

[State Government-Executive Offices in
Washington, DC](#)

Executive Offices

- 3 -

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

THE
Statutes at Large
AND
PROCLAMATIONS
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
FROM DECEMBER 1869 TO MARCH 1871,

AND
TREATIES AND POSTAL CONVENTIONS

Arranged in Chronological Order and carefully collated with
the Originals at Washington,

WITH
REFERENCES TO THE MATTER OF EACH ACT AND TO THE SUBSEQUENT
ACTS ON THE SAME SUBJECT.

EDITED BY
GEORGE P. SANGER,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

The rights and interest of the United States in the stereotype plates from which this work is printed are hereby recognized, acknowledged, and declared by the publishers, according to the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, passed March 3, 1846.

VOL. XVI.

BOSTON:
LITTLE, BROWN, AND COMPANY.
1871.

LIST
OF THE
PRIVATE ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS
OF CONGRESS
CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME.

Acts of the Forty-First Congress of the United States.

STATUTE I. — 1869.

	<i>Page</i>
<i>Second North Carolina Mounted Infantry.</i> An act to remove the charge of desertion from certain soldiers of the Second North Carolina Mounted Infantry. March 26, 1869, ch. 4.....	603
<i>Removal of Disabilities.</i> An act in addition to an act "An act to relieve from legal and political disabilities certain persons engaged in the late rebellion," approved July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight. April 1, 1869, ch. 6.....	604
<i>Orlando Brown.</i> An act for the relief of Orlando Brown. April 1, 1869, ch. 7.....	604
<i>Isabella C. Youngs.</i> An act for the relief of Isabella C. Youngs, wife of Theophilus Youngs. April 1, 1869, ch. 8.....	604
<i>Joseph P. Fyffe.</i> An act for the relief of Joseph P. Fyffe, Commander in the United States Navy. April 10, 1869, ch. 31.....	605
<i>Thirteenth Tennessee Cavalry.</i> An act to remove the charge of desertion from certain soldiers of the Thirteenth Tennessee Cavalry. April 10, 1869, ch. 32.....	605
<i>Iowa Northern Central Railroad Company.</i> An act legalizing the stamping of certain subscription papers executed and issued to the Iowa Northern Central Railroad Company. April 10, 1869, ch. 33.....	605

STATUTE II. — 1869-70.

<i>Removal of Legal and Political Disabilities.</i> An act to relieve certain persons therein named from the legal and political disabilities imposed by the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States, and for other purposes. December 14, 1869, ch. 1.....	607
<i>Removal of Legal and Political Disabilities.</i> An act to remove political disabilities of certain persons therein named. December 18, 1869, ch. 2.....	613
<i>Alinzor Clark.</i> An act for the relief of Alinzor Clark. February 9, 1870, ch. 15.....	613
<i>S. and H. Sayles.</i> An act for the relief of S. and H. Sayles. February 12, 1870, ch. 16.....	613
<i>Removal of Legal and Political Disabilities.</i> An act to relieve certain persons therein named from the legal and political disabilities imposed by the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States, and for other purposes. March 7, 1870, ch. 24.....	614
<i>Polly and George W. Hunt may apply for Extension of Patent.</i> An act for the relief of Polly Hunt, administratrix, and George W. Hunt, administrator, of the estate of Walter Hunt, deceased. March 15, 1870, ch. 27.....	630
<i>John Thompson.</i> An act to enable John Thompson, executor of Thomas Thompson, deceased, to make application for the extension of letters-patent for an improved machine for folding papers. March 25, 1870, ch. 37.....	631
<i>William Mont Storm.</i> An act for the relief of William Mont Storm. March 25, 1870, ch. 38...	631

LIST

OF THE

TREATIES AND POSTAL CONVENTIONS

CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME.

TREATIES.

	Page
<i>Klamath and Modoc Tribes and Yahooskin Band of Snake Indians.</i> Treaty between the United States of America and the Klamath and Modoc tribes and Yahooskin band of Snake Indians; Concluded, October 14, 1864; Proclaimed, February 17, 1870.....	707
<i>Venezuela.</i> Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of Venezuela; Concluded at Caracas, April 25, 1866; Proclaimed by the President of the United States, May 29, 1867.....	713
<i>Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi.</i> Treaty between the United States of America and the Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi; Concluded, March 19, 1867; Ratification advised, with amendment, April 8, 1867; Amendment accepted, April 8, 1867; Proclaimed, April 18, 1867.....	719
<i>Russia.</i> Additional articles to the treaty of navigation and commerce of December 18, 1832, between the United States of America and the Emperor of Russia; Concluded, January 27, 1868; Proclaimed, October 15, 1868.....	725
<i>Cherokee Indians.</i> Supplemental article to the treaty of July 19, 1866, between the United States of America and the Cherokee Nation of Indians; Concluded, April 27, 1868; Ratification advised, June 6, 1868; Proclaimed, June 10, 1868.....	727
<i>Grand Duchy of Baden.</i> Treaty between the United States and the Grand Duchy of Baden: Naturalization; Concluded, July 19, 1868; Exchanged, December 7, 1869; Proclaimed, January 10, 1870.....	731
<i>Württemberg.</i> Treaty between the United States and the Kingdom of Württemberg: Naturalization; Concluded, July 27, 1868; Proclaimed, March 7, 1870.....	735
<i>China.</i> Additional articles to the treaty between the United States and China, of June 18, 1858; Concluded at Washington, July 28, 1868; Proclaimed, February 5, 1870.....	739
<i>Grand Duchy of Hesse.</i> Treaty between the United States and the Grand Duchy of Hesse: Naturalization; Concluded, August 1, 1868; Proclaimed, August 31, 1869.....	743
<i>Belgium.</i> Convention between the United States and Belgium: Naturalization; Concluded, November 16, 1868; Exchanged, July 10, 1869; Proclaimed, July 30, 1869.....	747
<i>Peru.</i> Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of Peru, for the adjustment of claims; Concluded, December 4, 1868; Exchanged, June 4, 1869; Proclaimed, July 6, 1869.....	751
<i>Belgium.</i> Convention between the United States and Belgium: Rights, privileges, and immunities of consuls; Concluded, December 5, 1868; Proclaimed, March 7, 1870.....	757
<i>Belgium.</i> Additional article to the treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and Belgium of July 17, 1858: Trade-marks; Concluded, December 20, 1868; Exchanged, June 19, 1869; Proclaimed, July 30, 1869.....	765
<i>Italy.</i> Additional article to the convention for the surrender of criminals between the United States and the King of Italy; Concluded, January 21, 1869; Exchanged, May 7, 1869; Proclaimed, May 11, 1869.....	767
<i>Italy.</i> Additional article to the convention regulating the jurisdiction of consuls between the United States and the King of Italy; Concluded, January 21, 1869; Exchanged, May 7, 1869; Proclaimed, May 11, 1869.....	769
<i>France.</i> Convention between the United States and France concerning trade-marks; Concluded, April 16, 1869; Exchanged, July 3, 1869; Proclaimed, July 6, 1869.....	771
<i>Great Britain.</i> Convention between the United States of America and Great Britain: Naturalization; Concluded, May 13, 1870; Proclaimed, September 16, 1870.....	775
<i>Great Britain.</i> Additional convention between the United States and Great Britain: Slave-trade; Concluded, June 3, 1870; Proclaimed, September 16, 1870.....	777

LIST

OF THE

PROCLAMATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

	<i>Page</i>
No. 1. Convening an extraordinary session of the Senate on April 12, 1869. April 8, 1869..	1125
No. 2. Submitting the constitution of Virginia to the voters of that State for ratification or rejection. May 14, 1869.....	1125
No. 3. Directing no reduction to be made in the wages paid by the government to laborers, workmen, and mechanics, on account of the reduction of the hours of labor. May 19, 1869	1127
No. 4. Proclaiming that discriminating duties heretofore levied upon certain merchandise imported in French vessels are discontinued. June 12, 1869.....	1127
No. 5. Designating the time for submitting the constitution of Mississippi to the voters of that State. July 13, 1869	1127
No. 6. Designating the time for submitting the constitution of Texas to the voters of that State. July 15, 1869.....	1129
No. 7. Appointing a day of thanksgiving, praise, and prayer. October 5, 1869.....	1129
No. 8. Proclaiming that discriminating duties heretofore levied upon merchandise imported in French vessels are discontinued. November 20, 1869.....	1130
No. 9. In respect to consular jurisdiction over crews of vessels of France, Prussia, and the other states of the North German Union, and Italy. February 10, 1870.....	1130
No. 10. Certifying that the fifteenth amendment has become valid, and a part of the Constitution of the United States. March 30, 1870.....	1131
No. 11. Warning all persons against engaging in the United States in illegal military enterprises against Canada. May 24, 1870.....	1132
No. 12. Enjoining neutrality in the present war between France and the North German Confederation and its allies. August 22, 1870	1132
No. 13. Forbidding the use of any waters within the jurisdiction of the United States, by the ships of war or privateers of France or of the North German Confederation and its allies, and declaring the rules that shall govern such vessels of either belligerent when in such waters. October 8, 1870	1135
No. 14. Warning all persons against engaging in the United States in illegal military enterprises, &c. against those Powers with which the United States are at peace, and enjoining all officers of the government to use all efforts to arrest and punish such offenders. October 12, 1870.....	1136
No. 15. Recommending that Thursday, November twenty-fourth, A. D. 1870, be observed as a day of public Thanksgiving. October 21, 1870	1137
No. 16. Proclaiming that discriminating duties heretofore levied upon certain merchandise imported in Portuguese vessels are discontinued. February 25, 1871.....	1137
No. 17. Commanding the persons composing unlawful combinations of armed men in South Carolina to disperse, &c. within twenty days. March 24, 1871.....	1138

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the First Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Thursday, the fourth day of March, A. D. 1869, and was adjourned without day on Saturday, the tenth day of April, A. D. 1869.

ULYSSES S. GRANT, President. SCHUYLER COLFAX, Vice-President and President of the Senate. HENRY B. ANTHONY was chosen President of the Senate, *pro tempore*, on the twenty-third day of March, A. D. 1869, and so acted until the twenty-ninth day of said March; was again chosen, on the ninth day of April, A. D. 1869, and so acted until the end of the session. JAMES G. BLAINE, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. I. — *An Act to strengthen the public Credit.*

March 18, 1869.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That in order to remove any doubt as to the purpose of the government to discharge all just obligations to the public creditors, and to settle conflicting questions and interpretations of the laws by virtue of which such obligations have been contracted, it is hereby provided and declared that the faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment in coin or its equivalent of all the obligations of the United States not bearing interest, known as United States notes, and of all the interest-bearing obligations of the United States, except in cases where the law authorizing the issue of any such obligation has expressly provided that the same may be paid in lawful money or other currency than gold and silver. But none of said interest-bearing obligations not already due shall be redeemed or paid before maturity unless at such time United States notes shall be convertible into coin at the option of the holder, or unless at such time bonds of the United States bearing a lower rate of interest than the bonds to be redeemed can be sold at par in coin. And the United States also solemnly pledges its faith to make provision at the earliest practicable period for the redemption of the United States notes in coin.

The faith of the United States pledged to the payment in coin, or its equivalent, of all obligations of the United States, &c. except, &c.

Interest-bearing obligations not already due, not to be paid before maturity, unless, &c.

Redemption of the United States notes in coin.

APPROVED, March 18, 1869.

CHAP. II. — *An Act supplementary to an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Extension, Construction, and Use of a lateral Branch of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad into and within the District of Columbia," approved February 5, 1867.*

March 18, 1869.

1867, ch. 29.
Vol. xiv. p. 287.
1870, ch. 82, 142.
Post, pp. 72, 161.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, which, by the act of Congress entitled "An act to authorize the extension, construction, and use of a lateral branch of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad into and within the District of Columbia," was authorized to extend into and construct within the District of

Baltimore and Potomac R. R. Co. may enter Washington, &c. by either of two routes.

VOL. XVI. PUB.—1



**MAJOR GENERAL
MARK S. INCH**
The Provost Marshal General of the Army
Commanding General,
United States Army Criminal Investigation Command and
Army Corrections Command



Major General Inch was commissioned a Second Lieutenant and awarded a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Biblical Archaeology in 1982 from Wheaton College, IL. He holds a Masters Degrees in Geography with a Concentration in Middle East/Africa from the University of Texas at Austin and a Masters of Military Arts and Science Degree from the School of Advanced Military Studies (SAMS). His military education includes the Military Police Officer Basic and Advance Courses, the Command and General Staff College, the Joint and Combined Warfighting School and the Senior Service College Fellowship – Advanced Operational Arts Studies. He completed professional certification with the American Correctional Association (ACA) and was the first member to earn the Certified Corrections Executive (CCE) designation with Honor.



His principal staff assignments have been as Deputy Provost Marshal (UNITED NATIONS OPERATION SOMALIA II, MOGADISHU); Battalion S-3 and XO, 759th MP Battalion, Fort Carson, CO; Deputy Provost Marshal, United States Forces Japan, Yokota Air Base; Chief, Corrections and Internment Branch, Operations, Readiness and Mobilization Directorate, G-3 and later Office of the Provost Marshal General, Washington, DC; Director, Detainee Operations, Combined Security Transition Command-Afghanistan, (OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM, AFGHANISTAN); Chief of Staff, Task Force 134, Detainee Operations (OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM, IRAQ).

He commanded the 194th MP Company, Heilbronn, FRG; Area Confinement facility, Fort Ord, CA; 705th MP Battalion, United States Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth, KS; Commandant/Commander, United States Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth, KS; Deputy Provost Marshal General/Commander, Army Corrections Command, Washington, DC; Commandant, United States Army Military Police School, Fort Leonard Wood, MO; Commander, Combined Joint Interagency Task Force 435, (OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM, AFGHANISTAN).

Major General Inch's awards include the Defense Superior Service Medal, the Legion of Merit with two oak leaf clusters, the Bronze Star Medal, the Defense Meritorious Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters, the Meritorious Service Medal with four oak leaf clusters, the Army Commendation Medal with two oak leaf clusters, the Army Achievement Medal with one oak leaf cluster, a series of Unit, Campaign and Service medals, and the Army Staff Identification Badge.